

## FORMER MAJ. DE NEALE AND MAJ. PRATT ARE LATEST CANDIDATES.

Speculation as to who the next superintendent of police will be today revealed that in the history of the department only one man has been promoted from the ranks to that position.

This was W. G. Brock, who headed the department in the early eighties. He was a captain of police when appointed superintendent. The other eight men who have headed the force since its organization were selected from outside the department. The last includes a lawyer, a school teacher, a soldier, a business man and two newspaper men—Richard Sylvester and Maj. Pratt.

No intimation has come from the Commissioners, however, as to whether they will name a man from the department or an outsider.

**Two New Candidates.**  
Two new candidates for the vacancy were put forward today. One is George A. De Neale, a former major in the Marine Corps and now director of the citizens employment bureau at 1415 Pennsylvania street. Mr. De Neale, it is believed, will have the backing of the business interests of the city.

The other is Harry L. Pratt, a former detective in the police department, now a major in the military intelligence service of the Army. Pratt has long been considered as a possible investigator in the district attorney's office and just before going in the acting as night chief of detectives.

Friends of Pratt point to his good record in the department and his Army experience he has gained in the Army as qualifications in his favor.

**Chairman Sherman Resigned.**  
Friends of candidates have begun to believe that Chairman Sherman, of the District Committee, and other senators, seeking their influence.

He named as his first choice, Inspector Sullivan and Capt. Doyle have been put forward.

## HANNA PRAISES STREET CAR CONGESTION RELIEVED, CAPITAL TRACTION OFFICIAL SAYS.

The plan of having the 20,000 employees of the War Department report for work at 8:45 and 9:15 o'clock in the morning, instead of 9 o'clock, has relieved street car congestion in the morning considerably, in the opinion of J. H. Hanna, vice president of the Capital Traction Company.

Officials of the Washington Railway and Electric Company have not yet had reports from the field on the improvement in their lines also. The staggered start went into effect Tuesday morning.

Under the new arrangement employees at the building at 17th street and Pennsylvania avenue, to the vicinity of 6th and B streets, report at 8:45, while War Department workers in Potomac Park and other buildings west of 17th street report at 9:15.

Mr. Hanna said the crowded conditions which have been the cause of all these people to get to work at 9 o'clock have been relieved to a noticeable extent. The men are making observations daily, and will rearrange schedules as they find out the exact number of the city most of the War Department clerks come at 8:45 and 9:15.

Mr. Hanna suggested that congestion during the business rush could be relieved still further if one of the other big departments would stagger its start. He said that the Public Utilities Commission also has inspectors observing the results of the staggered start in the War Department and will report their observations to the commission.

## DEMOCRATS PICK TWO WOMEN FOR "BIG FOUR"

ALBANY, N. Y., February 26.—Democrats of New York state held an unofficial convention today to select delegates to the national convention and adopt a platform.

A plank providing for reconsideration of the federal prohibition amendment and for submission of the ratification of the amendment to the committee on resolutions. Some leaders expressed the belief that no good could be accomplished by placing the party in a record against the amendment.

The conference room was crowded with women, each of them advocating the candidacy of her favorite or "big four" honorees. The leaders, accustomed to dealing with men in politics, were in a quandary as to how to placate the various factions of the women.

The state of the "big four," which was said to have received the final endorsement of the party leaders, was held last night in the parlor of the Cullup Hall, at which Mrs. William A. Cullup, president of the league, presided.

Senator Kirby expressed the belief that the peace treaty should be ratified even if necessary to accept the proposed amendments. He also said he hoped the necessary number of state legislators would ratify the women's suffrage constitutional amendment in time to allow all women to vote in the next presidential election.

**URGES TREATY RATIFICATION**  
Senator Kirby Speaks at Meeting of Women's Democratic League.

Senator William F. Kirby of Arkansas and Representative Thomas Hendin of Alabama were the principal speakers at a meeting of the Women's National Democratic League, held last night in the parlor of the Cullup Hall, at which Mrs. William A. Cullup, president of the league, presided.

Senator Kirby expressed the belief that the peace treaty should be ratified even if necessary to accept the proposed amendments. He also said he hoped the necessary number of state legislators would ratify the women's suffrage constitutional amendment in time to allow all women to vote in the next presidential election.

**MARYLANDERS DESIGNATED.**  
Will Be Examined for Military Academy Third Tuesday in March.

Three residents of Maryland have been designated by the War Department to take the entrance examination for the Military Academy the third Tuesday in March, with a view to admission in June next. They are Arthur F. Lawrence of Baltimore, John W. O'Brien, first alternate, of Laurel, and Harry W. Crandall, second alternate, of Annapolis.

## ESCAPEE TEST THREE WINNING PUPILS IN NATIONAL EVENT TO VISIT WASHINGTON.

Three winning pupils in National Essay Contest will visit Washington, D. C., this week.

The medals to be presented to the three national winners in the school children's national essay contest have been designed and cast. They will be awarded May 5, in Washington, by Secretary of War Baker, acting with Gen. Pershing and Gen. March.

The first, second and third prize winners, accompanied by a parent or guardian, will visit the National Capitol, with all expenses paid, as guests of the Come-Back, weekly journal of the soldiers in Walter Reed Hospital. Their pictures will be taken and shown on the educational picture picture theaters all over the country.

The medals were designed in the publicity section of the office of the surgeon general by Corp. Henry C. Wild, a member of the famous overseas 1st Division. Officially approved by the War Department, these medals will be struck off from the specially made die.

Shaped like a coin, the medals will be about the size of a silver dollar, cast in gold, silver and bronze, one each. On the face of the medal is the figure of a soldier in uniform, with a child, who is holding in her hand a scroll. The inscription reads: "National Essay Contest, 1919-20. Beneficiary of the United States Army." On the reverse side is inscribed the name of the winner by the War Department through the Come-Back.

Besides the medals to be awarded, there will be given a silver loving cup to the school each winner represents. Almost every town in the United States has put up a number of valuable prizes to be awarded to local winning contestants.

At a meeting of the City Club at the Hotel Washington tonight the organization of the contest was considered and voted upon. The meeting is scheduled for 8 o'clock and all members of the club are urged to attend. President Whitfield is to preside.

The club's weekly forum luncheon yesterday Dr. C. T. Ford Erickson told of conditions in the Balkans, especially in regard to the war refugees. He said that the United States should take definite steps to aid the stricken people in the Balkans.

Dr. Erickson described the Balkan states as backward politically, economically and in the progress of civilization. He said, being the result of the intermingling in Balkan affairs of the great powers, each one of whom has interests in the Balkans which it deems of more importance than the welfare of the Balkans themselves.

## CITY CLUB TO CONSIDER NEW BY-LAWS TONIGHT

Conditions in Balkans Described by Dr. Erickson in Plea for United States Aid.

At a meeting of the City Club at the Hotel Washington tonight the organization of the contest was considered and voted upon. The meeting is scheduled for 8 o'clock and all members of the club are urged to attend. President Whitfield is to preside.

The club's weekly forum luncheon yesterday Dr. C. T. Ford Erickson told of conditions in the Balkans, especially in regard to the war refugees. He said that the United States should take definite steps to aid the stricken people in the Balkans.

Dr. Erickson described the Balkan states as backward politically, economically and in the progress of civilization. He said, being the result of the intermingling in Balkan affairs of the great powers, each one of whom has interests in the Balkans which it deems of more importance than the welfare of the Balkans themselves.

## SELECTION OF TWO PROGRESSIVES MAY HELP HOOVER BOOM

(Continued from First Page.)

will be able to argue that the democratic party can afford to accept into its ranks a progressive like Herbert Hoover. It establishes an important precedent for the democratic party, which has been enthusiastically booming Hoover for the democratic nomination.

Some leaders expressed the belief that no good could be accomplished by placing the party in a record against the amendment. The conference room was crowded with women, each of them advocating the candidacy of her favorite or "big four" honorees. The leaders, accustomed to dealing with men in politics, were in a quandary as to how to placate the various factions of the women.

The state of the "big four," which was said to have received the final endorsement of the party leaders, was held last night in the parlor of the Cullup Hall, at which Mrs. William A. Cullup, president of the league, presided.

Senator Kirby expressed the belief that the peace treaty should be ratified even if necessary to accept the proposed amendments. He also said he hoped the necessary number of state legislators would ratify the women's suffrage constitutional amendment in time to allow all women to vote in the next presidential election.

**URGES TREATY RATIFICATION**  
Senator Kirby Speaks at Meeting of Women's Democratic League.

Senator William F. Kirby of Arkansas and Representative Thomas Hendin of Alabama were the principal speakers at a meeting of the Women's National Democratic League, held last night in the parlor of the Cullup Hall, at which Mrs. William A. Cullup, president of the league, presided.

Senator Kirby expressed the belief that the peace treaty should be ratified even if necessary to accept the proposed amendments. He also said he hoped the necessary number of state legislators would ratify the women's suffrage constitutional amendment in time to allow all women to vote in the next presidential election.

**MARYLANDERS DESIGNATED.**  
Will Be Examined for Military Academy Third Tuesday in March.

Three residents of Maryland have been designated by the War Department to take the entrance examination for the Military Academy the third Tuesday in March, with a view to admission in June next. They are Arthur F. Lawrence of Baltimore, John W. O'Brien, first alternate, of Laurel, and Harry W. Crandall, second alternate, of Annapolis.

**TRANSFER SUBTREASURERS DUTIES.**  
After refusing to strike from the legislative appropriation bill a provision for the abolition of nine sub-treasurers December 31, this year, the House by a vote of 57 to 14 adopted a resolution transferring their duties to the Federal Reserve Board and the Treasury Department. These sub-treasurers are at New York, Boston, Chicago, St. Louis, San Francisco and New Orleans.

**THANKS KINGSTON FOR HOSPITALITY.**  
KINGSTON, Jamaica, February 26.—On the departure of United States destroyer squadron No. 3 from this port last night the commander addressed a letter through a local newspaper to the public of Kingston, expressing appreciation of the good will and hospitality shown by the people here during the stay of the warships in the harbor.

**MRS. ELEANOR NORWOOD DIES**  
Services Held at House of Sister in Baltimore Yesterday.

Mrs. Eleanor M. Norwood, widow of Thomas Norwood of this city, died Monday at her residence in Baltimore. Funeral services were held yesterday afternoon at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Alice W. Lawton, 1820 Mount Royal terrace, Baltimore, Md. Rev. Dr. Earle Wilkey of the Vermont Avenue Baptist Church in this city officiated. Interment was in Glenwood cemetery here.

## HOME-MADE STOUT SEIZED, FOUNDEN "FLYING SQUADRON" OF POLICE IN RAID UNDER DIRECTION OF REVENUE BUREAU.

A "flying squadron" of policemen, working under the direction of the internal revenue bureau for the enforcement of the prohibition law, last night raided the house at 3215 Prospect avenue northwest and took into custody three men and a woman, all colored. A homemade still also was taken by the officers.

Henry Brooks, colored, who gave his address as at 15 Prospect avenue home, is locked up at the seventh precinct police station on a charge of manufacturing intoxicating liquor in violation of the prohibition law.

Probably held as witnesses. The two other men and the woman also are locked up at the police station. No charge has been made against them. It was stated today they probably will be held as witnesses.

The raid was led by Serg. J. M. Roper, who had with him Detective C. P. Cox and Policemen M. Rubin and H. E. Benson. The policemen entered the house late last night. It is stated the still which they found there was not in operation at the time, but that a barrel containing thirty gallons of a mash composed of corn meal, molasses, yeast and water in the last stage of fermentation was found.

Part of the still is declared, were found hidden between mattresses on a bed. The appearance of the still, however, as to indicate it has been used, the revenue officials say.

The still was composed of an all-steel regulation can, connecting pipe, a small rubber hose and a funnel. Also there was a tub, into which the revenue men explained, the liquid obtained from boiling the mash dripped, together with a long garden hose, used to supply water.

**Unnamed Beverage.**  
P. P. Bratten, in charge of the prosecution of the prohibition law here, had the still in his office in the last stage of fermentation today. He said he did not know what the commodity could be called which was brewed from the mash, but that it was a "strong alcoholic beverage."

A quantity of the liquor has been turned over to the chemistry department of the revenue bureau for analysis to determine its alcoholic strength. It has not been determined when Brooks will be arraigned for trial.

For some time the "flying squadron" of policemen detailed to enforce the prohibition law has been working in Washington.

## OPPONENTS OF RAIL BILL TAKE PLEAS TO WHITE HOUSE

(Continued from First Page.)

delay" in settling the present wage dispute. The bill, because the unions would have to present their demands anew to each of the 200 private railroads.

The memorial also set forth that the "inequities, uncertainties, delays and hardships" which the bill would impose on the railroads, and the "unjust and arbitrary" causes of disagreement and prevent the orderly adjustment.

Finally it was charged that the bill abrogated the right and the right of collective bargaining and substituted an "indefinite and uncertain method of compulsory adjustment or arbitration."

**"Violent Provisions" Seen.**  
George P. Hampton, managing director of the Farmers' National Council, charged the President through Secretary Tumulty to veto the bill, because of the "violent provisions" contained in it.

He then cited other objections to the bill, including the "unjust and arbitrary" causes of disagreement and prevent the orderly adjustment.

Among these he mentioned the "unjust and arbitrary" causes of disagreement and prevent the orderly adjustment.

He then cited other objections to the bill, including the "unjust and arbitrary" causes of disagreement and prevent the orderly adjustment.

He then cited other objections to the bill, including the "unjust and arbitrary" causes of disagreement and prevent the orderly adjustment.

He then cited other objections to the bill, including the "unjust and arbitrary" causes of disagreement and prevent the orderly adjustment.

He then cited other objections to the bill, including the "unjust and arbitrary" causes of disagreement and prevent the orderly adjustment.

He then cited other objections to the bill, including the "unjust and arbitrary" causes of disagreement and prevent the orderly adjustment.

He then cited other objections to the bill, including the "unjust and arbitrary" causes of disagreement and prevent the orderly adjustment.

He then cited other objections to the bill, including the "unjust and arbitrary" causes of disagreement and prevent the orderly adjustment.

He then cited other objections to the bill, including the "unjust and arbitrary" causes of disagreement and prevent the orderly adjustment.

He then cited other objections to the bill, including the "unjust and arbitrary" causes of disagreement and prevent the orderly adjustment.

He then cited other objections to the bill, including the "unjust and arbitrary" causes of disagreement and prevent the orderly adjustment.

He then cited other objections to the bill, including the "unjust and arbitrary" causes of disagreement and prevent the orderly adjustment.

He then cited other objections to the bill, including the "unjust and arbitrary" causes of disagreement and prevent the orderly adjustment.

## STILL CAPTURED BY POLICE IN GEORGETOWN

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.



Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

Liquor-making machine found by a raiding party in house at 3215 Prospect avenue.

## BRIBERY CHARGES FAIL IN ORDINANCE FRAUD CASE

Counsel for Capt. Nicholson Wins in Motion to Dismiss One Phase of Detroit Proceedings.

DETROIT, February 26.—Charges of bribery against the six men being tried in federal court here on indictments alleging a conspiracy to defraud the government of millions of dollars' worth of Army ordnance material were dismissed today by United States District Judge Tuttle today.

Dismissal of the bribery charges was made on motion of counsel for Capt. Soterios Nicholson.

The trial on the conspiracy charge began last December and presentation of evidence was completed yesterday. Summing-up arguments were expected to be completed today.

Nicholson, with George H. Brown, millionaire sportsman, and four others are accused of conspiring, through prearranged agents, to obtain for their own price ordnance material which the government planned to dispose of.

What constitutes "bribery" of a President of the United States to perform the duties of his office and how this question may be determined was discussed today from all angles by the House Judiciary committee in open hearings on four measures relating to mode of procedure.

Emphatic objection was expressed by members of the committee to certain provisions of a bill offered by Representative Charles McNamara, of California, which would give the cabinet power to declare the President "unfit" after being ill or absent from the country for six weeks.

Mr. Madden said he was trying to suggest a short way out of the difficulty, adding that the cabinet would rally in harmony and sympathy with a President, would not be inclined to remove him from office.

"Why does your bill fix March 4 as the date it is to take effect?" asked Representative Morgan, republican, Oklahoma.

"Simply to take the present President out of the discussion," Mr. Madden replied. "I do not believe Wilson to think this legislation is aimed at him."

Representative Hunter, republican, New York, thought the plan gave "tremendously wide discretion to the cabinet," which, even if it was to absolute power over the President.

**"CILICIA COVERED WITH ARMENIAN BLOOD"**  
Several Thousand Slain, According to Message Reaching Peace Delegate.

Serious conditions obtaining in Asia Minor are reported in a cablegram received today by Prof. Her. Huzarjan, vice president of the Armenian national delegation to the peace conference, now in Washington on a special mission.

The message reads in part: "Cilicia covered with blood. Several thousand Armenians massacred. The existence of all our compatriots in those regions in danger in consequence of the recrudescence of Turkish attacks. Several Armenian localities evacuated or besieged. We are making the necessary political representations to the peace conference."

**AMERICAN ON TRIAL IN SWITZERLAND FOR FRAUD**  
HERN, February 25.—The hearing of testimony in the case of Louis H. Wetmore, an American commissioner, charged with fraud in connection with the purchase of watches and compasses for the American army, began today before the criminal court of Bern.

Wetmore was arrested in Paris. He is accused of having suggested to contractors to purchase watches and compasses on their accounts for goods sold, in order that he might share in the difference between the price paid by the American army and the price paid by the contractors.

Wetmore's case, it was said, is one of the most notable in American expeditionary force annals. Capt. John H. Kiplinger and Capt. Arthur B. Clegg, both of whom were arrested by local authorities and forced to give up their papers. Their case, however, was dropped without the taking of depositions.

The Wetmore case, it was said, is one of the most notable in American expeditionary force annals. Capt. John H. Kiplinger and Capt. Arthur B. Clegg, both of whom were arrested by local authorities and forced to give up their papers. Their case, however, was dropped without the taking of depositions.

The Wetmore case, it was said, is one of the most notable in American expeditionary force annals. Capt. John H. Kiplinger and Capt. Arthur B. Clegg, both of whom were arrested by local authorities and forced to give up their papers. Their case, however, was dropped without the taking of depositions.

The Wetmore case, it was said, is one of the most notable in American expeditionary force annals. Capt. John H. Kiplinger and Capt. Arthur B. Clegg, both of whom were arrested by local authorities and forced to give up their papers. Their case, however, was dropped without the taking of depositions.

The Wetmore case, it was said, is one of the most notable in American expeditionary force annals. Capt. John H. Kiplinger and Capt. Arthur B. Clegg, both of whom were arrested by local authorities and forced to give up their papers. Their case, however, was dropped without the taking of depositions.

The Wetmore case, it was said, is one of the most notable in American expeditionary force annals. Capt. John H. Kiplinger and Capt. Arthur B. Clegg, both of whom were arrested by local authorities and forced to give up their papers. Their case, however, was dropped without the taking of depositions.

The Wetmore case, it was said, is one of the most notable in American expeditionary force annals. Capt. John H. Kiplinger and Capt. Arthur B. Clegg, both of whom were arrested by local authorities and forced to give up their papers. Their case, however, was dropped without the taking of depositions.

The Wetmore case, it was said, is one of the most notable in American expeditionary force annals. Capt. John H. Kiplinger and Capt. Arthur B. Clegg, both of whom were arrested by local authorities and forced to give up their papers. Their case, however, was dropped without the taking of depositions.

The Wetmore case, it was said, is one of the most notable in American expeditionary force annals. Capt. John H. Kiplinger and Capt. Arthur B. Clegg, both of whom were arrested by local authorities and forced to give up their papers. Their case, however, was dropped without the taking of depositions.

The Wetmore case, it was said, is one of the most notable in American expeditionary force annals. Capt. John H. Kiplinger and Capt. Arthur B. Clegg, both of whom were arrested by local authorities and forced to give up their papers. Their case, however, was dropped without the taking of depositions.

The Wetmore case, it was said, is one of the most notable in American expeditionary force annals. Capt. John H. Kiplinger and Capt. Arthur B. Clegg, both of whom were arrested by local authorities and forced to give up their papers. Their case, however, was dropped without the taking of depositions.

The Wetmore case, it was said, is one of the most notable in American expeditionary force annals. Capt. John H. Kiplinger and Capt. Arthur B. Clegg, both of whom were arrested by local authorities and forced to give up their papers. Their case, however, was dropped without the taking of depositions.

The Wetmore case, it was said, is one of the most notable in American expeditionary force annals. Capt. John H. Kiplinger and Capt. Arthur B. Clegg, both of whom were arrested by local authorities and forced to give up their papers. Their case, however, was dropped without the taking of depositions.

## DRY FORCE LEAVES IRON COUNTY; ONE BATTLE IN VERBAL

U. S. and Local Official in Heated Debate, But Pose Together for Camera.

By the Associated Press.  
CHICAGO, February 26.—Maj. A. V. Dairymple, federal prohibition director for the central states, returned with his aide from Iron River, Mich., today. They returned with samples of wine which had been confiscated by them and which Maj. Dairymple declares will be used in prosecution of various Iron county persons.

IRON RIVER, Mich., February 26.—The armed force of federal agents, under command of Maj. A. V. Dairymple, who came here from Chicago to "put down a liquor rebellion in the upper Michigan peninsula," today had been withdrawn and the "revolt" itself had flickered out. The only casualties were nine barrels of home-made wine taken from agents from a parish priest's house where the state had stored it for safekeeping and poured it into the snow.

Maj. Dairymple announced intention to arrest State Attorney M. S. McElonough, who was in Iron River, Mich., today. The "revolt" was abandoned under orders from a parish priest, who was in the state had stored it for safekeeping and poured it into the snow.

Emphatic objection was expressed by members of the committee to certain provisions of a bill offered by Representative Charles McNamara, of California, which would give the cabinet power to declare the President "unfit" after being ill or absent from the country for six weeks.

Mr. Madden said he was trying to suggest a short way out of the difficulty, adding that the cabinet would rally in harmony and sympathy with a President, would not be inclined to remove him from office.

"Why does your bill fix March 4 as the date it is to take effect?" asked Representative Morgan, republican, Oklahoma.

"Simply to take the present President out of the discussion," Mr. Madden replied. "I do not believe Wilson to think this legislation is aimed at him."

Representative Hunter, republican, New York, thought the plan gave "tremendously wide discretion to the cabinet," which, even if it was to absolute power over the President.

**"CILICIA COVERED WITH ARMENIAN BLOOD"**  
Several Thousand Slain, According to Message Reaching Peace Delegate.

Serious conditions obtaining in Asia Minor are reported in a cablegram received today by Prof. Her. Huzarjan, vice president of the Armenian national delegation to the peace conference, now in Washington on a special mission.

The message reads in part: "Cilicia covered with blood. Several thousand Armenians massacred. The existence of all our compatriots in those regions in danger in consequence of the recrudescence of Turkish attacks. Several Armenian localities evacuated or besieged. We are making the necessary political representations to the peace conference."